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Christ College, Bhopal

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PRINCIPAL'S MESSAGE

he overall literacy rate for women increased from 0.2% in 1882 to 6% in 1947. Although in the Vedic period women had access to education in India, they had gradually lost this right. However, in the British

period there was revival of interest in women's education in India. During this period, various socio religious movements led by eminent persons like Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Iswar Chandra Vidyasagar emphasized on women's education in India.

As a result women's literacy rate has grown over the three decades and the growth of female literacy has in fact been higher than that of male literacy rate. While in 1971 only 22% of Indian women were literate, by the end of 2001 54.16% female were literate. The growth of female literacy rate is 14.87% as compared to 11.72% of that of male literacy rate.

Here we gratefully acknowledge Malala Yousafzai, Pakistani female education activist who got the Nobel Peace Prizze in 2014 at the age of 17. On 9 October 2012, while on a bus in Swat District after taking an exam, Yousafzai and two other girls were shot by a Taliban gunman in an assassination attempt. After her recovery, Yousafzai became a prominent activist for the right to education, especially for women education.

In the 19th century Kerala, Saint Kuriakose Elias Chavara played a vital role for the women education. Chavara took special initiative for the education of the Dalits. He insisted that the schools should admit dalit children and there should not be any discrimination against them. By starting a Sanskrit school in 1864, attached to the monastery at Mannanam, gave the common people, irrespective of caste, colour and gender an opportunity to learn sanskrit. In 1867, teaching in the school was commenced with the nuns in the convent as the teachers.

Education is a fundamental right for every citizen of the country. All girls and women, irrespective of caste, social strata, marital status or age, are entitled to an education. Education is a basic human right, not a privilege based on status. Women can feel confident and empowered only if they are educated.

"When women are educated, their countries become stronger and more prosperous." Michelle Obama

Prof. Fr. Johnson Principal

Birthday Celebration

Birthday of Rev. Fr. Johnson, Principal Christ College was celebrated on 09 June 2023. On the occasion staff members present shared their experiences of working with Fr. Johnson and extended wishes of good health and happiness for him. Cake was then cut and shared along with some delicious snacks, among all present. At the end, Fr. Johnson expressed gratitude for all the wishes and blessings received.



Viva Voce for B.Ed.

Practical exams for the students of B. Ed. Second and third semester was conducted on 17 June 2023. The Viva voce for B. Ed II year students was on Drama and Art in Education and for B. Ed. IV semester was for the Understanding of ICT. External evaluator present appreciated the hard work of student teachers. The practical was successfully conducted under the leadership of the course Coordinator Ms. Jaya Saini, Assistant Professor.



Practical Exams for M.Ed.

Practical exams for the students of M. Ed. Second and third semester were conducted on 17 June 2023. The Viva voce for M. Ed II year students was on synopsis presentation and for M. Ed. IV semester was for the dissertation presentation. External evaluator present appreciated the hard work of student teachers. The practical was successfully conducted under the leadership of the course Coordinator Dr Diwakar Singh.

Farewell to Rev.Fr. Dominic and Rev. Fr Antony

A heartwarming farewell was given to Rev. Fr. Dominic, Director of Christ College and Rev. Fr. Antony, Financial

administrator of Christ College on the new Provincial Rev fathers serve in different places. Rev Fr Clemens School of Excellence in Director of the institute. Whereas Sagar Bhavan the Mission House Kerala. The farewell party was nearby. On the occasion Principal,



and appreciation for their contribution in the institution.

15 June 2023. As per the decision of have been transferred and sent to Dominic is transferred to Bishop Bamhori Kundali, Raisen District, as Rev. Fr. Antony is transferred to of the Bhopal Province in Thrisur, organized at a local restaurant Rev. Fr. Johnson expressed gratitude

Faculty Development Programme at Gujarat

As an extension service of Christ College, Prof. Fr. Johnson, Principal of the college visited Gujrat and organized Faculty Development Programme in different schools like St Xavier"s School, Jamnagar, Gujarat, Nav Vidhan Rural English High school, Vinchhiya, Gujarat, etc in the months of May and June 2023.

The main themes discussed were National Education Policy 2020, National Curriculum Framework 2023, School Quality Assessment and Assurance, etc. The college has initiated the Faculty Development Programme to initiate and promote NEP 2020, NCF 2023 and SQAA.



Malala -----An Educational Activist

Malala Yousafzai, (born July 12, 1997, Mingora, Swat valley, Pakistan), Pakistani activist who, while a teenager, spoke out publicly against the prohibition on the education of girls that was imposed by the Tehrik-e-Taliban Pakistan (TTP; sometimes called Pakistani Taliban). She gained global attention when she survived an assassination attempt at age 15. In 2014 Yousafzai and Kailash Satyarthi were jointly awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace in recognition of their efforts on behalf of children's rights.

Malala was born

- 1. in the Swat District of Pakistan. This region fell under the rule of the Taliban, which is a fundamentalist terrorist group that imposes highly restrictive rules on women and girls. The Taliban banned girls from attending school or receiving an education of any kind.
- 2. Her father was a teacher and ran a chain of schools throughout the local region. He continuously encouraged all of his children to learn despite the societal restrictions. Malala credits her father for inspiring her to pursue further education and humanitarian work.
- 3. She was nominated for the 'International Childrens Peace Prize in 2011 due to her activism and was awarded Pakistan's National Youth Peace Prize that same year. The Prime Minister of Pakistan later renamed the award the National Malala Peace Prize in her honor.
- 4. The Taliban shot Malala in the head when she was 15 years old. Her newfound popularity and voice against the Taliban made Malala a high-profile target and in 2012 she was the victim of a nearly fatal assassination attempt. She was on the way home from school when a masked gunman asked for her by name and openly fired on her and her friends.
- 5. She created the Malala Fund, a charity devoted to bringing equal education opportunities to girls around the world. Malala went to the United Kingdom for medical treatment directly after the shooter's attack where she and her family settled permanently. Afterward, she

- established the Malala Fund with her father. Within its first year of operation, the Malala Fund raised over \$7 million and opened up multiple schools in Malala's native Pakistan.
- 6. She celebrated her sixteenth birthday by giving a speech to the United Nations.
- 7. July 12 has been officially designated Malala Day. After her critically acclaimed speech on her birthday at the United Nations, Secretary-General, Ban Ki-moon, urged all young people to speak out and let the world hear their voices. In an act of support, he declared Malala's birthday Malala Day in honor of her courage and influential activism.
- 8. She was a co-recipient of the 2014 Nobel Peace Prize. After sharing her story, Malala catapulted to international fame and she received an outpouring of support from around the world as her story spread. In honor of her efforts, she became the youngest ever Nobel laureate at the age of 17.
- 9. Malala received the United Nation's highest honor. In 2017 she received the title of U.N. Messenger of Peace to promote girl's education, a two-year appointment given to activists whose work has made an impact.
- 10.Oxford University accepted Malala in 2017 where she began studying Philosophy, Politics and Economics. While pursuing her own studies, she currently still works with leaders and organizations around the globe on behalf of the Malala Fund and the United Nations, fighting for equal education for all.

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Christ College, Bhopal





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Important Days in July 2023

1st July – National Doctor's Day

In India, Doctor's Day is observed on the 1st of July to mark the importance of doctors hold in our lives. This day is also meant to commemorate the medical industry and its advancements.

3rd July- Guru Purnima

<u>Guru Purnima</u> is a Hindu religious festival honouring all gurus, both academic and spiritual. Hindus, Jains, and Buddhists all participate in the holiday celebrations in India, Nepal, and Bhutan.

11 July - World Population Day

World Population Day is observed annually on 11 July to focus attention on the urgency and importance of population issues.

12 July- Malala Day

Malala Day is celebrated every year on July 12 to celebrate the birthday of activist Malala Yousafzai. Malala Day was designated by the United Nations to honour the young woman who has been advocating for women's education for years.

15 July - World Youth Skills Day

World Youth Skills Day is celebrated on 15 July every year to raise awareness about the importance of technical, vocational education & training and the development of other skills relevant to both local and global economies.

18 July - International Nelson Mandela Day

International Nelson Mandela Day is observed on 18 July every year. The day celebrates Mandela's life and legacy in a sustainable way that will bring about the needful changes.

20 July - International Chess Day

It is observed on 20 July to honour the foundation of the Federation Internationale des Eches (FIDES).

22 July - National Mango Day or Mango Day

It is celebrated on 22 July. The day is to know about the history and some lesser-known facts about the juicy and delicious fruit mango

26 July - Kargil Vijay Diwas

Kargil Vijay Diwas is observed on 26 July and is named after the success of Operation Vijay. The Kargil war was ended on 26 July which continued approx 60 days. This day is celebrated to honour the Kargil War Heroes.

28 July - World Nature Conservation Day

World Nature Conservation Day is observed on 28 July every year to recognise that a healthy environment is a foundation for a stable and productive society and for future generations. We must protect, conserve and sustainably manage our natural resources.

29 July - International Tiger Day

International Tiger Day is observed every year on 29 July to spread awareness about the need for the conservation of Tigers and promote the protection of the natural habitat of tigers. This day is also known as Global Tiger Day.

30 July - International Friendship Day

International Friendship Day is celebrated on 30 July to mark the importance of friends and friendship in life. The day also advocates the role that friendship plays in promoting peace in several cultures across the world.

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Associate Editor : Dr. Pallavi Shrivastava Layout : Augustin William